**ΤΑΞΗ: Γ**

**Reading Comprehension, Page 110 Student’s Book**

1. Read the text quickly and do ex.B.

**Page 111 Student’s Book**

1. Do exercise C. Read the statements below and decide if they are True (T), False (F) or Not Mention (NM). (Remember to underline in the text so as to check your answer)
2. Do exercise D. Look at the highlighted words / phrases in the text and match them with their meanings. (For further vocabulary practice: WB – p.72)
3. There are 3 sentences in the text with the First Conditional and 3 sentences with the Second Conditional. Find all 6 sentences and circle them.

 **Useful Vocabulary**

|  |
| --- |
| joint = the place where two bones fit together (άρθρωση)  chest = στήθος medical condition = illness, disease (ιατρική κατάσταση) cough = βήχας to heal = to restore health, to recover (θεραπεύω) hygiene = cleanliness (υγιεινή) in proportion to = in relation to = concerning (σχετικά με) blood vessel = a tube that transports a body fluid (αιμοφόρο αγγείο) to measure = to calculate (μετρώ, υπολογίζω) to mix sth up = mistake (μπερδεύω)  primary = most important (πρωταρχικό) procedure = steps to follow (διαδικασία) sensation = a feeling (αίσθηση) to sense = to become aware of (διαισθάνομαι) to shrink = to become smaller (συρρικνώνω) to sneeze = φτερνίζομαι to squeeze = to press together (συμπιιέζω) taste bud = sense organs that detect taste to tickle = γαργαλάω vocal = relating to the voice (φωνητικό)  |

**Conditionals**

**Zero conditional**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| If clause | Main clause |
| Present Simple | Present Simple |

We use the zero conditional to talk about an action or situation that is always true. We can use *when* instead of *if* and *unless* instead of *if not.*

E.g. If you **ride** a bike, you **don’t pollute** the atmosphere.

 If you **mix** red and blue, you **get** purple.

 **First conditional**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| If clause | Main clause |
| Present tense | Will+ bare infinitiveWe can also use: can, must, may/might, the Imperative |

**--** We use the first conditional to talk about an action or situation that will probably happen now or in the future.

E.g. If it **rains**, the washing **will get** wet.

 We **won’t go** out if the weather isn’t good.

 Unless we **hurry,** we **may miss** the bus. (If we **don’t hurry,** we **may miss** the bus.)

 If you **see** Jenny, **tell** her to give me a call. (Imperative)

**Second conditional**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| If clause | Main clause |
| Past tense | Would / could + bare infinitive |

**--** We use the second conditional to talk about an action or situation

• that probably won’t happen now or in the future.

You **would make** more money if you **worked** more hours.

• that is impossible or imaginary in the present or in the future.

If I **owned** a yacht, I’**d sail** around the world.

**--** We can also use the second conditional to give advice.

If I **were** you, I **would eat** more fruit.

**Third conditional**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| If clause | Main clause |
| Past perfect tense | Would+ have+ past participle |

**--** We use the third conditional to talk about events or situations in the past that could have happened but didn’t.

E.g. If my mum **had not met** my dad, I **would not have been** born.

**Exercise A: Circle the correct words.**

1. When you arrive, they **check/ would check** your passport.
2. I **would be/ am** very angry if you broke my laptop.
3. If I **have/ had** a dog, I’d call it Samantha.
4. You **would be/ will be** fine if you don’t panic.
5. If she **ate/ is eating** less, she would be healthier.
6. I would have come with you if you **had bought/ buy** me a ticket.
7. If you **arrive/ arrived** late, you have to wait until the interval.
8. Try climbing if you **want/ wanted** an exciting hobby.

**Exercise B:** **Choose the correct option.**

1. I wouldn’t tell her if I ……….. you. She can’t keep a secret.

a. will be b. were c.am d. had been

2. Paul would be a good artist if he …….... more patience.

a. had b. has c. will have d. have

3. If they invite me to their party. I ………… absolutely delighted.

a. am b. will be c. would be d. was

4. He ……….. so many accidents if he drove more carefully.

a. hadn’t b. wouldn’t have c. hasn’t d. won’t have

5. I would have helped them if they ……….. to me.

a. had listened b. listened c. will listen d. would listen

6. When the weather ………. warmer in spring, we always go for long walks in the park.

a. will be b. had been c. were d. is

7. Unless you ……….., you won’t find out the truth.

a. will ask b. won’t ask c. ask d. don’t ask

8. If you ……….. me, I will bring you the book.

a. remind b. will remind c. would remind d. reminded

9. If I ……….. about your birthday, I would have you bought a present.

a. knew b. would know c. know d. had known

10. If Anna ………….. a little taller, she could become a model.

a. will be b. is c. were d. had been

**Exercise C: Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.**

1. If you ………………………..( not stop) shouting, you will hurt your throat.
2. If we hadn’t bought tickets, we ……………………………….(not be) allowed inside.
3. He ……………………….(drive) to work if he owned a car.
4. If he ……………………….(train) so hard, he wouldn’t be so fit.
5. I would have helped you if you …………………………(ask) me.
6. If you are a vegetarian, you ……………………….(not eat) meat.
7. They will be angry if you ……………………………(not tell) them about the accident.
8. If I ………………………………(hear) you were in hospital, I …………………………….(visit) you.

**WRITING SKILLS (SAMPLE PAPER 2019, ADAPTED)**

**WRITING TASK (30 marks)**

Imagine you were given a large amount of money as a birthday present.

Write an email to your friend telling them:

* How you spent your birthday.
* What you would spend the money on and why.
* How you feel about it.

**(Your email should be about 150 words)**

**Remember to:**

* **Use appropriate language - informal style from un.2**
* **Open and close your email using the given expressions from un. 2**
* **Use paragraphs – see planning un. 2 and the notes in your notebook**
* **Use Conditionals where appropriate**